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Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing under 37 CFR 1.53(b) is a(n): Utility Design

original patent application,

continuation-in-part application

INVENTOR(S): Allen D. Baker

TITLE: Method Of And Apparatus For Providing Web Services Using A Network Of Servers

Enclosed are:

The Declaration and Power of Attorney. signed unsigned or partially signed
 4 sheets of drawings (one set) Associate Power of Attorney
 Form PTO-1449 Information Disclosure Statement and Form PTO-1449
 Priority document(s) (Other) (fee \$ _____)

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BASIC FEE: Design (\$320.00); Utility (\$710.00)				\$ 710
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**PATENT APPLICATION
DOCKET NO. 10002104-1**

**METHOD OF AND APPARATUS FOR PROVIDING WEB SERVICES
USING A NETWORK OF SERVERS**

INVENTOR(S):

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**METHOD OF AND APPARATUS FOR PROVIDING
WEB SERVICES USING A NETWORK OF SERVERS**

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TECHNICAL FIELD

The invention is related to information servers and in particular to a network of web servers accessible via a central mediator providing redirecting clients requesting access.

BACKGROUND

As illustrated in FIGURE 1, a large web site, like that maintained by many large companies having a presence on the world wide web (www) of the Internet, is often implemented as a network of web pages distributed across multiple web servers. Typically, each web server is located on a separate machine. Each server and its associated set of pages is a sub-web site.

Generally, each sub-web provides a logically cohesive subset of the site's pages termed a "service". For example, one server may contain all the pages that make up a

company's pre-sales information and that sub-web would be called the "pre-sales service".

Another server may contain all the pages that make up the company's laser printer product support information and that sub-web would be called the "laser printer support service".

The idea that a site is composed of sub-webs can be applied recursively to a large site maintained by a company. Thus, the site may be composed of a pre-sales sub-web, an e-commerce sub-web, a product support sub-web and many others. The product support sub-web may, in turn, be composed of many sub-webs including a community forum sub-web, subscription service sub-web, trouble shooting trees sub-web, and others.

A problem with this multi-server site architecture is that the web pages have the names of the servers hardcoded in their HTTP links so that there is no convenient way to avoid bad links to an inoperative server. This is known as a "server down" problem since the referencing page includes links to one or more objects resident on an unavailable server. For example, referring to Figure 1, the HTML for WebPageB might include the following elements:

```
15 <a href="http://WebServerA.hp.com/WebPageC.html">  
  Click Here To Visit Web Page C  
  </a>  
  <a href="http://WebServerB.hp.com/WebPageE.html">  
  Click Here To Visit Web Page E  
  </a>
```

If the browser user clicks on the "Click Here To Visit Web Page E" label, the browser connects to WebServerB.hp.com and asks it to deliver WebPageE.html. This works fine as long as WebServerB.hp.com is working. If WebServerB.hp.com has crashed, the browser cannot connect to it and will eventually time-out and display an error page like that shown in FIGURE 2. The timeout typically takes an inordinate period of time (e.g., several minutes) and the error message received is considered by most users to be both unfriendly and uninformative.

Instead of allowing the browser to timeout and display its own error page, web site operators would like a solution that redirects the browser to a page on some other server that is available. Such a procedure would prevent the browser from delaying recognition of the problems and then, only after a timeout period has expired, displaying an unfriendly error message.

Accordingly, a need exists for a web access method and system in which failure of a server is handled gracefully, including the provision of user-friendly and informative error messages or some other useful information.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed to a system and method to detect a server failure and redirect client requests to avoid waiting for an unavailable server. The invention helps provide more user-friendly recovery information for addressing failed or otherwise unavailable servers.

The invention may be implemented in a system and method that mediates access to a network of servers hosting a website. A central controller or server is the primary host for client requests, mapping the requests to the appropriate server by redirecting client web requests to the appropriate host server. The status of the server network is constantly monitored by the primary server by periodically "pinging" each of the servers in accordance with standard Internet Protocol (IP.) If a server becomes unavailable, the "down" status is recorded and future client requests for pages hosted by the down server are either immediately issued a user-friendly error message or are redirected to an alternate web page on the primary host server or on another available server.

According to an aspect of the invention, the method of accessing information (e.g., web pages forming a web site) includes distributing information objects, such as the web pages, across a network of servers. A centralized database is maintained and updated indicating the status of each of the servers, *e.g.*, operational or "down." Updating may include periodically sending a request to indicate status, *e.g.*, "pinging" each of the servers to solicit an appropriate status response. Upon receipt of a request for one of the information

objects, the centralized database is accessed to determine an availability of the server hosting the requested information object and a suitable response is sent, either redirecting the request to the host server if it is operational or sending an error message if the host server is unavailable. The error message may be another information object, *e.g.*, a web page, 5 including alternative information and/or links, or may directly redirect the user to alternative object.

According to another aspect of the invention, an information server system includes a network of servers, each hosting a different information object, typically in the form of one or more web pages. A centralized database stores the status condition of each of the servers.

10 Requests for the information objects from remote clients are received by an appropriate communication interface, for example, to a local or wide area network (LAN or WAN) or via the Internet. A controller responds to the request and to the status of each of the servers to selectively redirect the request to one of the servers hosting the requested information object.

According to still another aspect of the invention, a method of providing a website includes storing the web pages comprising the website on a plurality of distinct web servers and maintaining a database indicating the operational status of each of the servers. A request from a remote client for one of the web pages initiates an inquiry to the database to determine if the server hosting the requested web page is operational. In response to an indication that the host server is operational, a response to the request is sent, the response redirecting the 15 remote client to the host server. Alternatively, an indication that the host server is unavailable results in alternative processing to avoid that server. The alternative processing may include sending an error message including alternative choices and/or redirecting the client to another server. In the case of redirection to an alternate server, a check may be made 20 to verify that the selected alternate server is available.

The foregoing has outlined rather broadly the features and technical advantages of the present invention in order that the detailed description of the invention that follows may be better understood. It should be appreciated by those skilled in the art that the conception and specific embodiment disclosed may be readily utilized as a basis for modifying or designing other structures for carrying out the same purposes of the present invention. It should also be

realized by those skilled in the art that such equivalent constructions do not depart from the spirit and scope of the invention as set forth in the appended claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

For a more complete understanding of the present invention, reference is now made to the following descriptions taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawing, in which:

FIGURE 1 is a diagram of an architecture of a typical large web site according to the prior art;

5 FIGURE 2 is an illustrative computer display of an error message generated by an unreachable server according to the prior art;

FIGURE 3 is a simplified diagram of a server architecture according to one embodiment of the invention;

FIGURE 4 is a block diagram of a Jump Station implementation of the invention; and

10 FIGURE 5 is message flow for processing a client web page request using a Jump Station and redirection to bypass inaccessible or down servers.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

FIGURE 3 is a block diagram of a website architecture implementing the invention. A primary WebServer 302 is the target site for all services supported by the server and is required to monitor the health and status of all supporting servers and map web page requests to the appropriate subordinate server when operational by redirecting web page requests to the appropriate subordinate server. Thus, WebServer 302 includes a service availability database 304 including the status of all servers required to implement the website. Service availability database 304 may also include the appropriate mappings for translating a given web page request to the appropriate subordinate server so that an appropriate redirection command may be issued to the requesting browser, assuming that the subject subordinate server is operational. An appropriate structure for a service array 316 is shown in FIGURE 3, in which an availability flag is maintained for each of the subordinate servers together with a

"ping time" indicating the time of the latest status update associated with each availability flag. WebServer 302 periodically requests a status update from each of the subordinate servers supporting services A, B and C (306, 308 and 310), each of the services in turn being supported by one or more subordinate servers. WebServer 302 is shown connected to services A, B and C via Internet 312, although any local or wide area network (LAN or WAN) may be used so long as it is compatible with redirection commands provided using standard Internet Protocol (IP).

A client 314 interfaces to Internet 312 via conventional means, including, for example, a modem and appropriate Internet Service Provider (ISP), etc.

A more detailed view of a configuration of servers adaptable to the present invention is presented in FIGURE 4. Using a Jump Station architecture, page requests are first presented to WebServer Jump Station 402 for initial processing. If the hosting WebServer A 406 or WebServerB 408 is operational, then automatic redirection is initiated using the Jump Station architecture depicted. Thus, the Jump Station architecture uses a technique for centralizing access to all pages onto a single server. In this architecture, all pages link indirectly to other pages.

As an example, with reference to FIGURE 4, instead of WebPageA linking directly to WebPageB, WebPageA links directly to a page on WebServerJumpStation (the page it links to is named "RedirectToWebPageB"). If WebServerA is still available, since it supplied WebPageA, then RedirectToWebPageB immediately redirects the browser to WebPageB using automatic redirection. Therefore, WebPageA would contain the following HTML:

```
<a href="http://WebServerJumpStation.hp.com/RedirectToWebPageB.html">
```

Click Here To Visit Web Page B

```
</a>
```

And the entire content of RedirectToWebPageB would look like this:

```

<HTML>
  <HEAD>
    5    <TITLE>
        Auto Redirect To Web Page B
    </TITLE>
    <META HTTP-EQUIV="Refresh"
          CONTENT="0;URL= http://WebServerA.hp.com/WebPageB.html">
  </HEAD>

  <BODY>
    </BODY>

  15 </HTML>

```

From the browser user's perspective, this looks exactly like linking directly to WebPageB.

But in reality, when the browser user clicks on the "Click Here To Visit Web Page B" label in WebPageA, the user's browser links first to RedirectToWebPageB and then, immediately and automatically, links to WebPageB, which is then displayed in the user's browser window.

FIGURE 5 is a message flow for processing a client web page request using, for example, a Jump Station architecture in redirection to bypass an inaccessible or down server.

At step 1 client terminal 314 transmits a page request to WebServer 302. In response, WebServer 302 checks service availability database 304 for the status of the server hosting the requested page. At step 3 the status of the host server is returned. If the status is missing or old, then, at step 3.1, the WebServer attempts to determine the status of service 306 by "pinging" the server hosting the requested page and, at step 3.2, determines the status of that

server. Thus, the status may be determined to be operational or, if no response is received to the "ping", then a server "down" status is entered into service availability database 304 at step 3.3.

If the server hosting service 306 is operational, then a redirect command is sent by 5 WebServer 302 to client terminal 314 directing client terminal 314 to request the originally requested page from service 306. Thus, at step 6A, service 306 returns the requested page to client terminal 114. Conversely, if the server hosting service 306 is down, then WebServer 302 directs client terminal 314 to an alternate server page. For example, this may include 10 error recovery information or provide an alternate page of information. At step 5B, client terminal 314, in response to the redirection command issued at step 4B, requests the alternate message page, which, at step 6B, is returned to client terminal 314 by WebServer 302. Although the alternate page message is shown as originating from WebServer 302, it may 15 originate from any other server that is determined to be operational by WebServer 302.

In summary, the present invention proactively solicits status information from a 20 network of servers hosting the various services and pages comprising the website or multiple websites. Using a redirection technique such as implemented with a Jump Station architecture, a central server, *e.g.*, WebServer Jump Station, is made the initial target for webpage requests, redirecting the request to appropriate hosting servers determined to be operational. Inoperable or otherwise unavailable servers are accommodated by inhibiting 25 redirection to those servers, by redirecting requests to operational servers, including appropriate error messages or other alternative pages or error handling objects.

Although the present invention and its advantages have been described in detail, it 25 should be understood that various changes, substitutions and alterations can be made herein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims. Moreover, the scope of the present application is not intended to be limited to the particular embodiments of the process, machine, manufacture, composition of matter, means, methods and steps described in the specification. As one of ordinary skill in the art will readily appreciate from the disclosure of the present invention, processes, machines, 30 manufacture, compositions of matter, means, methods, or steps, presently existing or later to be developed that perform substantially the same function or achieve substantially the same

result as the corresponding embodiments described herein may be utilized according to the present invention. Accordingly, the appended claims are intended to include within their scope such processes, machines, manufacture, compositions of matter, means, methods, or steps.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1 1. A method of accessing information, comprising the steps of:
2 distributing information objects across a plurality of servers;
3 maintaining a centralized status of each of said servers;
4 receiving a request for one of said information objects;
5 inspecting said centralized status to determine an availability of one of said servers
6 having said information object; and
7 selectively responding to said request with a redirection message selectively
8 redirecting said request to said one server.

1 2. The method according to claim 1 further comprising a step of selectively
2 transmitting an error message in response to said request and said inspecting step resulting in
3 a determination that said one server is unavailable.

1 3. The method according to claim 1 wherein said step of selectively responding
2 to said request includes redirecting said request to one of (i) said one server and (ii) an error
3 handling object.

1 4. The method according to claim 3 wherein said error handling object comprises
2 an error message.

1 5. The method according to claim 3 wherein said error handling object comprises
2 a redirection command.

1 6. The method according to claim 1 wherein each of said information objects
2 comprise a web page.

1 7. The method according to claim 1 wherein said maintaining step includes
2 periodically updating a status of each of said servers.

1 8. The method according to claim 7 wherein said updating step includes pinging
2 said servers.

1 9. An information server system comprising
2 a plurality of servers, each hosting a different information object;
3 a centralized database storing a status of each of said servers;
4 a communication interface configured to receive a request for one of said information
5 objects; and
6 a controller responsive to said request and to said status of each of said servers for
7 selectively responding to said request with a redirection message selectively redirecting said
8 request to one of said servers.

1 10. The system according to claim 9 wherein said controller is configured to
2 selectively transmit an error message in response to said request and said inspecting step
3 resulting in a determination that said one server is unavailable.

1 11. The system according to claim 9 wherein said controller selectively responds
2 to said request by redirecting said request to one of (i) said servers and (ii) an error handling
3 object.

1 12. The system according to claim 11 wherein said error handling object
2 comprises an error message.

1 13. The system according to claim 11 wherein said error handling object
2 comprises a redirection command.

1 14. The system according to claim 9 wherein each of said information objects
2 comprise respective web pages.

1 15. The system according to claim 9 wherein said controller is configured to
2 periodically update said status of said servers stored in said database.

1 16. The system according to claim 15 wherein said controller is configured to
2 periodically ping each of said servers.

1 17. A method of providing a website, comprising the steps of:
2 storing web pages on a plurality of distinct web servers;
3 maintaining a centralized status of each of said web servers;
4 receiving a request from a remote client for one of said web pages;
5 identifying a status of a one of said web servers hosting said one web page; and
6 selectively responding to said request with a redirection message selectively
7 redirecting said remote client to said one server.

1 18. The method according to claim 17 further comprising a step of selectively
2 transmitting an error message in response to said request and said identifying step resulting in
3 a determination that said one server is unavailable.

1 19. The method according to claim 17 wherein said step of periodically updating a
2 status of each of said servers.

1 20. The method according to claim 19 wherein said updating step includes pinging
2 said servers.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

The invention includes a system and method that mediates access to a network of servers hosting a website. A central controller or server is the primary host for client requests, mapping the requests to the appropriate server by redirecting client web requests to the appropriate host server. The status of the server network is constantly monitored by the primary server by periodically "pinging" each of the servers in accordance with standard Internet Protocol (IP.) If a server becomes unavailable, the "down" status is recorded and future client requests for pages hosted by the down server are either immediately issued a user friendly error message or are redirected to an alternate web page on the primary host server or on another available server.

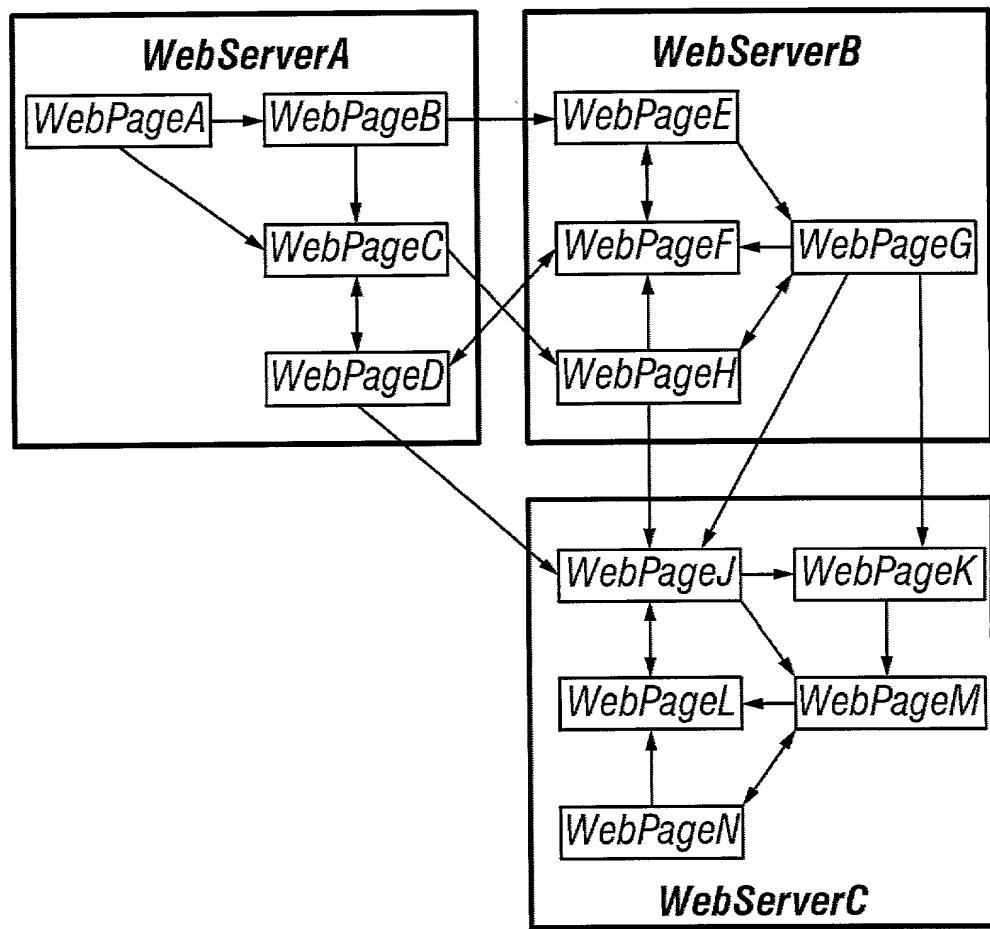


FIG. 1
(Prior Art)

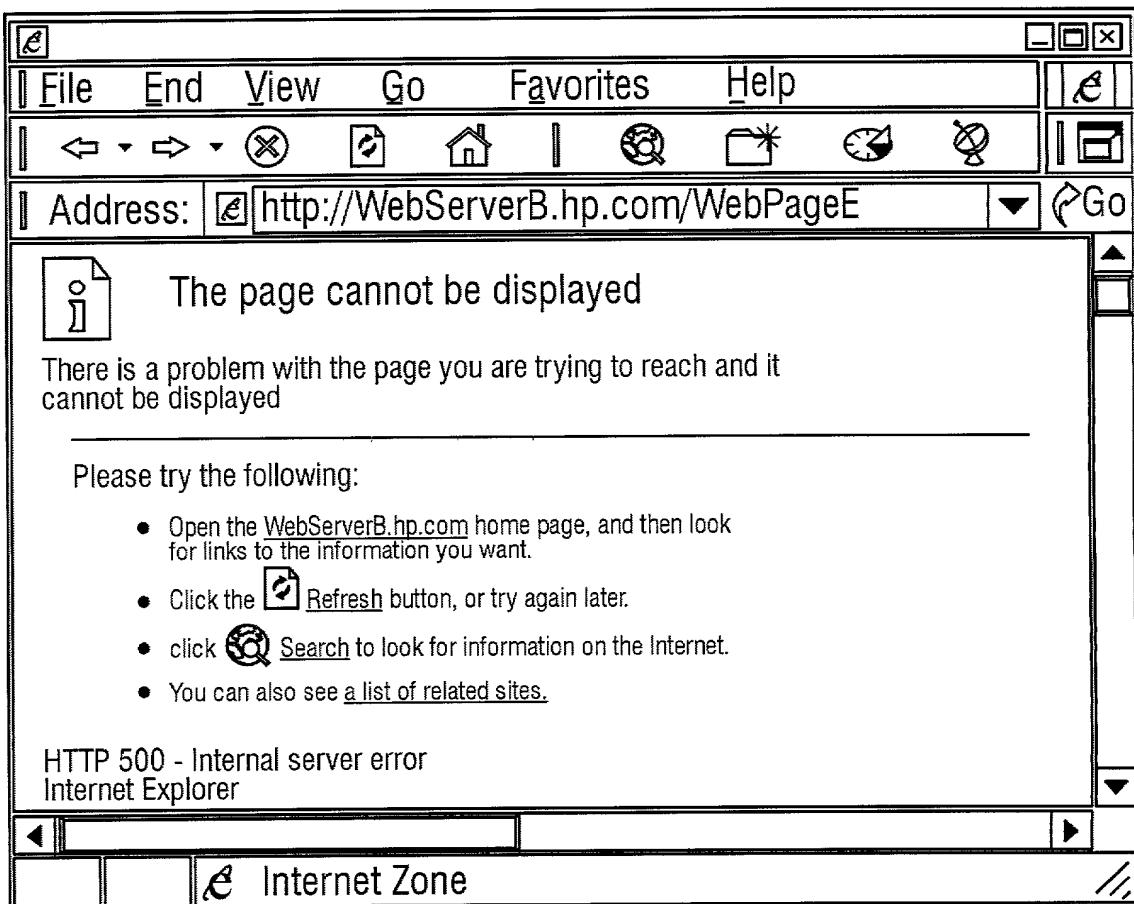


FIG. 2
(Prior Art)

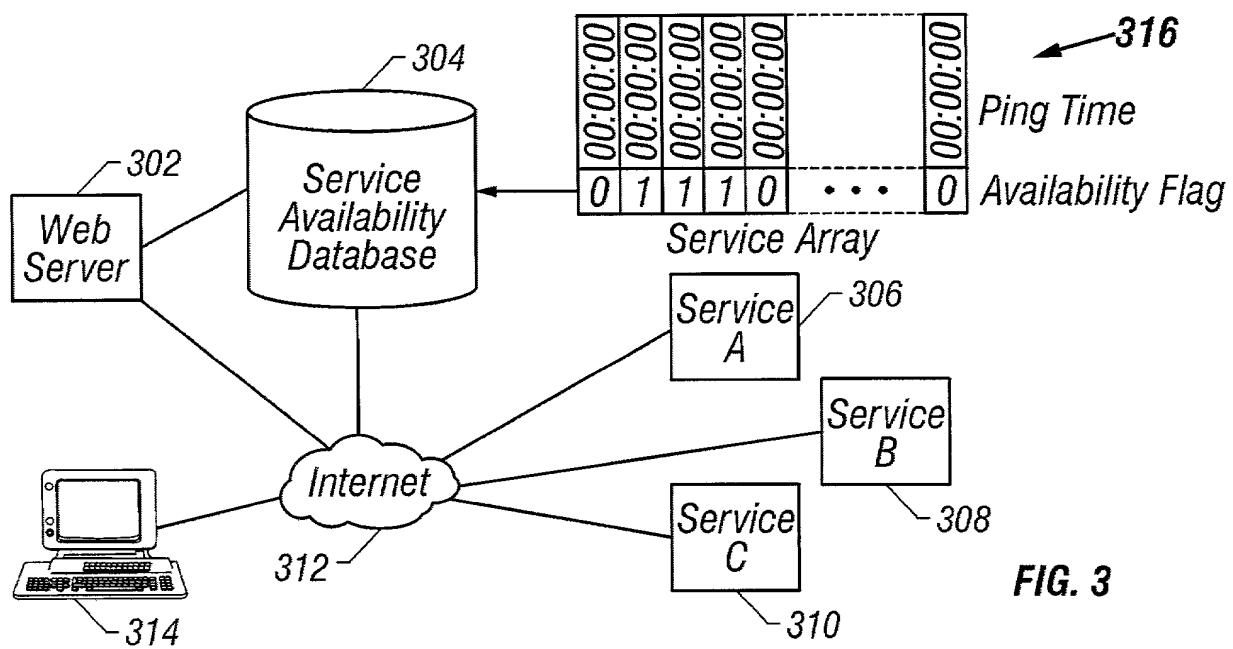


FIG. 3

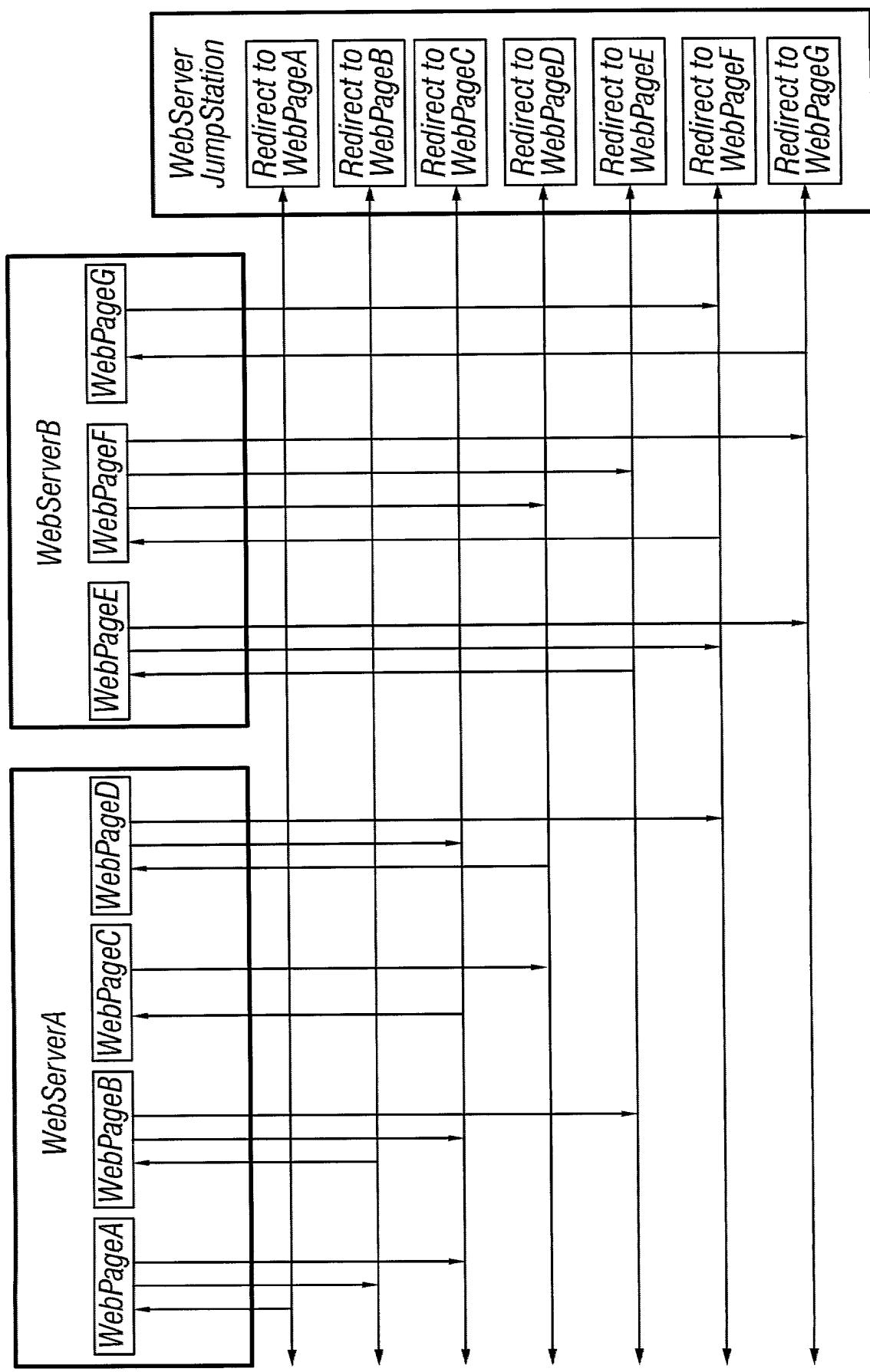


FIG. 4

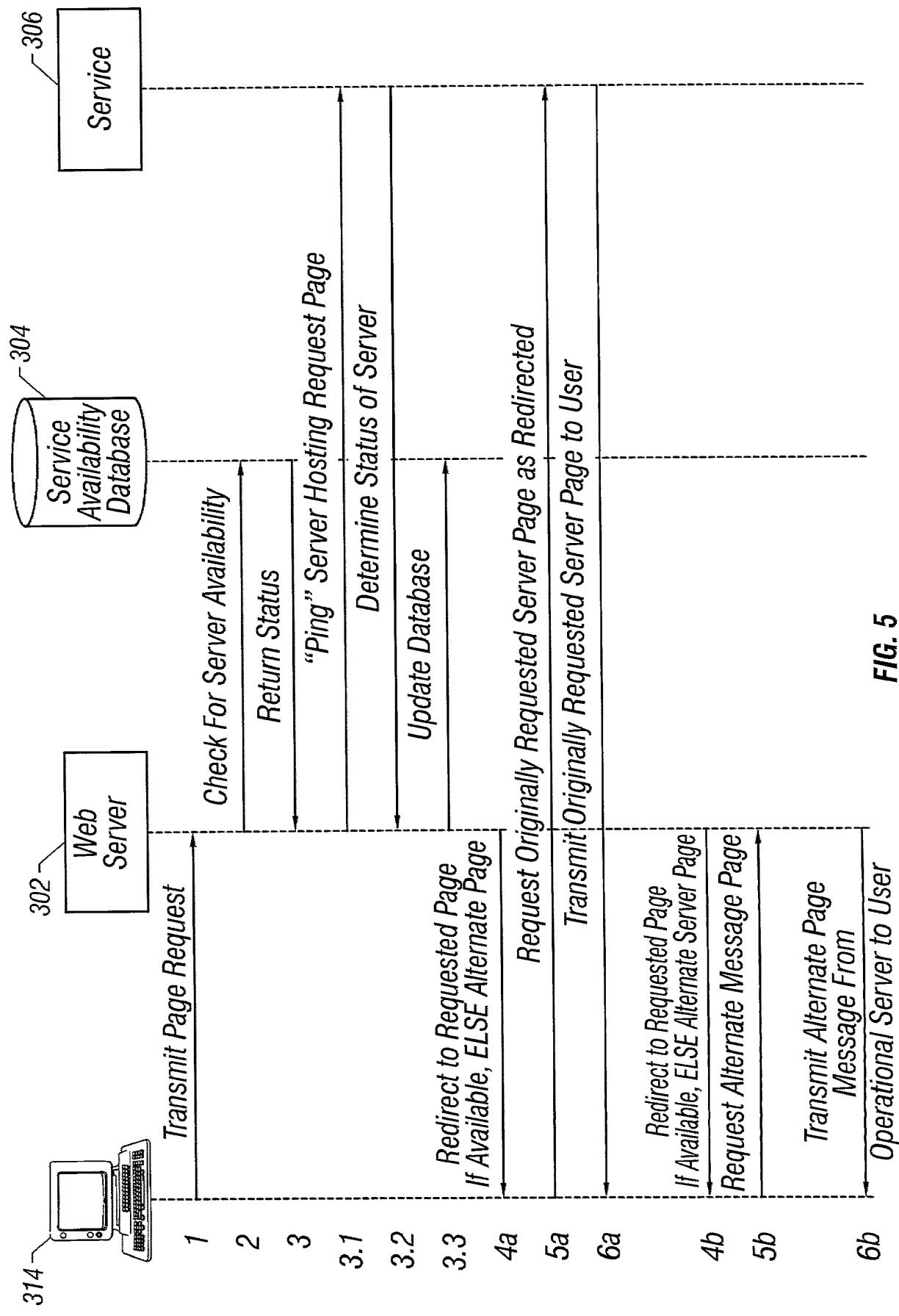


FIG. 5

**DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
FOR PATENT APPLICATION**

ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 10002104-1

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence/post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name:

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

Method Of And Apparatus For Providing Web Services Using A Network Of Servers

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:

() was filed on _____ as US Application Serial No. or PCT International Application Number _____ and was amended on _____ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understood the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment(s) referred to above. I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56.

Foreign Application(s) and/or Claim of Foreign Priority

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code Section 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor(s) certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor(s) certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

COUNTRY	APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE FILED	PRIORITY CLAIMED UNDER 35 U.S.C. 119
			YES: <u> </u> NO: <u> </u>
			YES: <u> </u> NO: <u> </u>

Provisional Application

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

APPLICATION SERIAL NUMBER	FILING DATE

U. S. Priority Claim

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

APPLICATION SERIAL NUMBER	FILING DATE	STATUS (patented/pending/abandoned)

POWER OF ATTORNEY:

As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

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(208) 396-3047

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Residence: **43 Shilo Drive Garden Valley, ID 83622**

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Allen D. Baker *10/90 v 2000*
Inventor's Signature Date